

Montana

Science and Engineering Profile							
Characteristic	State	U.S.	Rank	Characteristic	State	U.S.	Rank
Doctoral scientists, 1999 ¹	1,830	518,670	44	Total R&D performance, 1998 (millions).....	\$191	\$214,668	45
Doctoral engineers, 1999 ¹	110	107,100	49	Industry R&D, 1998 (millions).....	\$82	\$163,480	44
S&E doctorates awarded, 1999 ¹	58	25,953	43	Academic R&D, 1998 (millions).....	\$72	\$25,342	44
of which, in life sciences.....	38%	25%		of which, in life sciences.....	64%	57%	
in physical sciences.....	28%	14%		in physical sciences.....	10%	9%	
in psychology.....	17%	14%		in engineering.....	10%	16%	
S&E postdoctorates, 1998 ¹				Public higher education current-fund			
in doctorate-granting institutions.....	92	39,494	40	expenditures, 1997 (millions).....	\$446	\$125,236	44
S&E graduate students, 1998 ¹				Number of SBIR awards, 1990-98.....	64	35,413	39
in doctorate-granting institutions.....	1,205	422,834	46	Patents issued to state residents, 1999.....	125	83,901	44
Population, 1999 (thousands).....	883	276,580	45	Gross state product, 1998 (billions).....	\$20	\$8,800	49
Civilian labor force, 1999 (thousands).....	474	140,536	45	of which, agriculture.....	4%	1%	
Personal income per capita, 1999.....	\$22,019	\$28,542	48	manufacturing, mining, construction.....	17%	22%	
Federal spending				transportation, communication, utilities.....	12%	9%	
Total expenditures, 1999 (millions).....	\$6,225	\$1,508,933	43	wholesale and retail trade.....	17%	16%	
R&D obligations, 1998 (millions).....	\$81	\$70,445	46	finance, insurance, real estate.....	14%	19%	
				services.....	20%	21%	
				government.....	16%	12%	

NOTE: Rankings and totals are based on data for the 50 States, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Reliability of the estimates of industry R&D and of doctoral scientists and engineers varies by State, because the sample allocation was not based on geography. The rankings do not take into account the margin of error of estimates from sample surveys.

¹Data on graduate students, doctoral scientists and engineers, and postdoctorates include all graduate degree (except M.D.) candidates and recipients in S&E fields, including health fields. Data on S&E doctorates awarded do not include health fields.

Federal Obligations for Research and Development by Agency and Performer: Fiscal Year 1998								
Agency	Performer							
	Total	Federal Intramural	All FFRDCs	Industrial firms	Universities & colleges	Other nonprofits	State & local government	State rank, total
	[In thousands of dollars]							
Total, all agencies.....	80,670	33,101	0	9,897	32,949	3,149	1,574	46
Department of Agriculture.....	17,657	11,597	0	15	4,665	1,380	0	30
Department of Commerce.....	5,091	53	0	0	4,738	300	0	24
Department of Defense.....	12,793	2,621	0	5,246	4,926	0	0	43
Department of Energy.....	984	0	0	35	875	0	74	44
Dept. of Health & Human Services.....	12,861	5,011	0	714	5,764	1,222	150	45
Department of the Interior.....	14,887	13,794	0	31	841	0	221	8
Department of Transportation.....	1,229	0	0	0	100	0	1,129	43
Environmental Protection Agency.....	321	0	0	0	321	0	0	45
National Aeronautics and Space Admin.....	6,177	25	0	3,437	2,579	136	0	37
National Science Foundation.....	8,670	0	0	419	8,140	111	0	42
State rank, total.....	46	39	na	45	43	38	43	na

NOTE: Federal R&D obligations are as reported by funding agencies. Ranks and totals are based on data for the 50 States, District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

KEY: FFRDC = federally funded research and development center; SBIR = small business innovation research; na = not applicable.

SOURCES: Prepared by the National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Studies. Data compiled from numerous sources -- see the section, "Data Sources for Science and Engineering (S&E) State Profiles".